TIP Skills: Changing Your Body Chemistry

To reduce extreme emotion mind fast



Remember these as TIP skills:

TIP THE TEMPERATURE of your face with COLD WATER* (to calm down fast)

- Holding your breath, put your face in a bowl of cold water, or hold a cold pack (or zip-lock bag of cold water) on your eyes and cheeks.
- Hold for 30 seconds. Keep water above 50° F.

INTENSE EXERCISE* (to calm down your body when it is reved up by emotion)

- Engage in intense exercise, if only for a short while.
- Expend your body's stored up physical energy by running, walking fast, jumping. playing basketball, lifting weights, etc.

PACED BREATHING (pace your breathing by slowing it down)

- Breathe deeply into your belly.
- Slow your pace of inhaling and exhaling way down (on average, five to six breaths 4 per minute).
- Breathe out more slowly than you breathe in (for example, 5 seconds in and 7 seconds out).

PAIRED MUSCLE RELAXATION(to calm down by pairing muscle relaxation with breathing out)

- While breathing into your belly deeply tense your body muscles (not so much as to cause a cramp).
- Notice the tension in your body.
- While breathing out, say the word "Relax" in your mind.
- Let go of the tension.
- Notice the difference in your body.

'Caution: Very cold water decreases your heart rate rapidly. Intense exercise will increase heart rate. Consult your health care provider before using these skills 1f you have a heart or medical condition, a lowered base heart rate due to medications, take a beta-blocker, are allergic to cold, or have an eating disorder.

From DBT Skills Training Handouts and Worksheets, Second Edition. by Marsha M. Linehan. Copyright 2015 by Marsha M. Linehan. Permission lo photocopy this handout Is granted to purchasers of DBT Skills Training Handouts and worksheets, Second Edition, and DBT Skills Training Manual, Second Edition. for personal use and use with individual clients only.



Paired Muscle Relaxation, Step by Step

If you have decided to practice **paired muscle relaxation**, it can be very helpful to practice relaxing each of your muscles first.

When you are starting, practice in a quiet place to reduce distractions, and make sure that you have enough time. As you improve with practice, you will want to practice in many different kinds of places, so that you can relax effectively when you most need to.

Remember that effectiveness Improves. with practice. If judgments arise, observe them, let them go, and return to your practice. If you become anxious, try focusing on breathing in to the count of 5 and out to the count of 7 (or the counts you have already determined for paced breathing), breathing all the while into your belly until you can return to relaxation exercises.

Now that you are ready to begin ...

- 1. Get your body into a comfortable position in which you can relax. Loosen tight clothing. Lie or sit down, with all body parts uncrossed and no body part supporting any others.
 - 2. For each area of the body listed below, gather tension by tightening muscles. Focus on the sensation of tightness in and around that area.

Hold the tension as you inhale for 5-6 seconds, then release and breathe out.

- 3. As you release, say in your mind very slowly the word "Relax."
- 4. Observe the changes in sensations as you relax tor 10-15 seconds then move on to the next muscle

Start first with each of the 16 muscle groups.

Once you can do that, practice with medium groups of muscles and then large groups.

Once you are good at that, practice tensing your entire body at once.

When you tense your entire body, you are like a robot-stiff, nothing moving.

When you relax your entire body, you are like a rag doll-all muscles drooping down.

Once you can relax all your muscles, practice three or four times a day until you can routinely relax your entire body rapidly. By practicing pairing exhaling and the word "Relax" with relaxing your muscles, you will eventually be able to relax just by letting go and saying the word "Relax."



Paired Muscle Relaxation, Step by Step

- 1. Hands and wrists: Make fists with both hands and pull fists up on the wrists .
- 2. Lower and upper arms: Make fists and bend both arms up to touch your shoulders.
- 3. Shoulders: Pull both shoulders up to your ears.
- 4. Forehead: Pull eyebrows close together, wrinkling forehead.
- 5. Eyes: Shut eyes tightly.
- 6. Nose and upper cheeks: Scrunch up nose; bring upper lips and cheeks up toward eyes.
- 7. Lips and lower face: Press lips together; bring edges of lips back toward ears .
- 8. Tongue and mouth: Teeth together; tongue pushing on upper mouth.
- 9. Neck: Push head back into chair, floor, or bed, or push chin down to chest
- 10. Chest: Take deep breath and hold it.
- 11. Back: Arch back, bringing shoulder blades together.
- 12. Stomach: Hold stomach in tightly.
- 13. Buttocks: Squeeze buttocks together.
- 14. Upper legs and thighs: Legs out; tense thighs.
- 15. Calves: Legs out; point toes down.
- 16. Ankles: Legs out; point toes together, heels out, toes curled under.

Remember, paired relaxation is a skill. It takes time to develop. With practice, you will notice the benefits.

Note. Adapted from Smith, A. E. (1980). Development of an integrated coping response through cognitive-affective stress management training. In I. G. Sarason & C. D. Spielberger (Eds.), Stress and anxiety (Vol. 7, pp. 265-280).

Washington, DC: Hemisphere. Copyright 1980 by Hemisphere Publishing Corporation. Adapted by permission.

From DBT Skills Training Handouts and Worksheets, Second Edition, by Marsha M. Linehan. Copyright 2015 by Marsha M. Linehan. Permission to photocopy or download and print this handout is granted to purchasers of this book for personal use or for use with clients.



Using Cold Water, Step by Step

COLD WATER CAN WORK WONDERS*

When you put your full face into cold water ... **or** you put a ziplock bag with cold water on your eyes and upper cheeks, and **hold your breath,** it tells your brain you are diving underwater.

This causes the **"dive response"** to occur. (It may take 15-30 seconds to start.)

Your heart slows down, blood flow to nonessential organs is reduced, and blood flow is redirected to the brain and heart.

This response can actually help **regulate your emotions.**This will be useful as a **distress tolerance strategy** when you are having a very **strong, distressing emotion**, or when you are having very **strong urges to engage in dangerous behaviors.**

(This strategy works best when you are sitting quietly-activity and distraction may make it less effective.)

TRY IT OUT!

caution: Very cold water decreases your heart rate. If you have any heart or medical condition, have a lowered base heart rate due to medics: lions, or ere on a beta-blocker, consult your health care prov[der before us,ng these skills. Avoid Ice water if you are allergic to the cold.From DST Skills Training Handouts and Worksheets, Second Edition, by Marsha M. Linehan. Copyright 2015 by Marsha M. Linehan. Permission to photocopy or download and print this handout Is granted to purchasers of this book for personal use or for use with clients.

